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Publication of Application for Utility Model Registration

Showa 57-12671

Application for Utility Model Registration

Sume 8. 1980

To: Director-General of the Patent Office

 Title of the invention A lighting fitting.

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5. List of attached documents

Specification

one copy

Drawings

one set

Power of attorney

one copy

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Specification

Title of the Invention
 A lighting fitting.

2. Claim

A lighting fitting wherein one connector of a pair of connectors is connected to a lamp with a cord, the other connector, which is connected to electric components such as a ballast and a switch that are mounted inside a lighting fitting body, is fixed on an electric component mounting base, and these connectors are coupled together to constitute a lighting circuit for the lamp, said lighting fitting being characterized in that the electric component mounting base comprises a connector holding part that is formed by making a part of a base face thereof protrude in a U shape and protrusions that are made to protrude at the front and at the rear of the connector holding part to energize the connector being inserted in the connector holding part so that the connector is pressed against the lower inner face of the connector holding part.

3. Detailed Description of the Invention

The present invention relates to a lighting fitting having connectors, and in particular relates to the mounting structure of the connectors.

Up to the present, a typical mounting of the connectors in lighting fittings of this kind is as shown in Fig. 6 through Fig. 8. A plate-shaped connector mounting piece (9) having a connector insertion hole (9'), which is punched out at the center thereof and is of the same shape as that of the connector (1), is integrally provided on a base face of an electric component mounting base (8) of a synthetic resin, and a connector (1) is fitted into the connector insertion hole (9'). Hence this mounting has a defect that the strength of the connector mounting piece (9) to hold the connector (1) is weak and wants reliability. Furthermore, as the electric component mounting base (8) has a saddle shape, at the time of forming the electric component mounting base (8) the forming of the connector insertion hole (9') in the connector mounting piece (9) requires provision of a side core for the mold, and this poses problems such as higher costs of the mold.

The present invention was made with an object of eliminating the above-mentioned variety of defects.

In the following, with reference to Fig. 1 through Fig. 5, an embodiment of the

present invention will be described. (1) denotes a connector that comprises pin insertion holes (3) each differing in shape and being provided in the front face of a rectangular-parallelepipedic connector body (2) of a synthetic resin, a pair of guiding parts (4) being protrusively provided on the top face thereof on the front face side, of which rear end parts (4a) being bent in a L form, and a pair of straight guides (8) being provided protrusively on the bottom face thereof on the rear face side, and further comprises curved fitting-on pieces (6), of which one end is integrally provided on the connector body (2) at the top end part of the side face. (7) denotes leads coming out from the connector (1). (8) denotes an electric component mounting base of a synthetic resin, which has a U-shaped section and of which both wings (8b) are fixed on the lower face of the lighting fitting body (12), and the base face (8a) is provided with a connector holding part (9), which is partly directed downward from the lighting fitting body (12) and extruded into a U shape so that it can hold the above-mentioned connector (1) on three faces, namely, the top face and both the side faces, and protrusions (10), (11) formed protrusively at the front and the rear of the holding part (9) in the connector insertion direction (A). Both the protrusions (10), (11) are inclined so that they are lower on the side of the connector insertion direction (A), and the protrusion (10) that is provided on the connector insertion port side is divided into three parts so that the guides (5) that are provided on the bottom face of the above-mentioned connector (1) can be inserted. (9a) denotes a connector guiding groove that is provided in the inner bottom face of the above-mentioned connector holding part (9), and the guiding parts (4) of the connector (1) are inserted into the connector guiding groove (9a). The connector guiding groove (9a) is provided with positioning parts (9b) that prevent the rear end parts (4a) of the guiding parts (4) from passing through the connector guiding groove (9a). (13) denotes a cord that is connected to a power source. (14) denotes a shade, and (15) denotes electric components such as a ballast and a switch. (16) denotes a lamp, (17) is a male connector that is connected, by means of a cord, to a lamp socket (18) that is connected to the lamp cap, and the male connector (17) is electrically coupled with the above-mentioned female connector (1). (20) denotes a lower face cover. According to the above-mentioned embodiment, in mounting the connector (1) in the connector holding part (9), as shown in Fig. 1, the connector (1) is pushed into the connector holding part (9) from the direction A till the guiding part rear ends (4a) of the connector (1) rest on the positioning parts (9b) of the connector guiding groove (9a). Under this condition, the fitting-on pieces (6) elastically press the inner side faces of the connector holding part (9), and the

protrusions (10), (11) press the connector body (2) against the inner bottom face of the connector holding part (9), thus the connector (1) is securely fixed in the connector holding part (9). Moreover, as the connector holding part (9) is formed by means of a pair of molds that travel in the molding direction when the electric component mounting base (8) is molded, conventional side cores are not needed, and the costs of molds are lowered.

As the present invention has the above-mentioned construction, it has practical effects that the mounting of the connector can be made reliably and the costs of making molds are lowered.

4. Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 through Fig. 5 show an embodiment of the present invention. Fig. 1 is an exploded perspective view of some essential parts. Fig. 2 is a perspective view showing the rear side of the connector. Fig. 3 is a perspective view showing the connector that is mounted in the electric component mounting base. Fig. 4 is an enlarged perspective view of the connector holding part. Fig. 5 is a longitudinal sectional view of the lighting fitting. Fig. 6 through Fig. 8 show a conventional example. Fig. 6 is an exploded perspective view of some essential parts. Fig. 7 is a perspective view showing the connector that is mounted on the electric component mounting base. Fig. 8 is a longitudinal sectional view of the lighting fitting.

In these drawings, (1) is a female connector, (8) is an electric part mounting base, (8a) is a base face, (9) is a connector holding part, (10) and (11) are protrusions, and (17) is a male connector.

In the respective drawings the same mark indicates an identical or corresponding part.

Agent Shinichi Kuzuno

公開美用 昭和57 - 12671

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実用所案登録順 C 55 6 18

昭和 年 月 日

医新疗技官殿

1.考案の名称 22944年 / 展覧器具

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95.1.2

5.添付書類の目録

G连新先 03(435)6095特許部

1通 1通

1通

12671



55 085923

- 1. 考案の名称 照明器具
- 2 実用新案登録請求の範囲

3. 考案の詳細な説明

本考案はコネクタを有する照明器具に係り。 詳しくはコネクタの取付構造に関するものである。 従来, この種照明器具にかけるのからのを がけれ、その代表的なものがある。即ち合成樹脂 製のでようなものがある。即ち合成樹脂 製のではいかれたのからのでは、中央部には、 製のでは、中央部には、中央部には、 のでは、中央部には、中央部には、 のでは、中央部には、 のでは、中央部には、 のでは、中央部には、 のでは、 のでは、 のでは、 のでは、 のでである。 したがのコネクタがあったが、 のでは、 のである。 のでは、 のでは、

本考案は上記した種々の欠点を除去することを目的としてなされたものである。

以下本考案の一実施例を第1図ないし第 図に基づいて説明する。(I) は直方体を成す合成樹脂製のコネクタ本体(2) の前面に設けられた夫々

形状の異なるピン挿入孔(3)と、上面の前面側に 突設された末端部(44)がL形に折曲する一対の 案内部(4)と。底面の裏面領に突設された一対の 直線状案内体⑸とを有し。かつ側面の先端部に コネクタ本体四と一体的に一端が連設された費 曲した係止片的をもつコネクタ。切はこのコネ クタ(1) より外部に導出されるリード額。(8) は照 明器具本体 03 の下面にその両翼片 (8b) が固定さ ・れた 断面 形状 がコ 字 形 した 合 成 樹 脂 製 の 電 装 品 - 取付台で、基面 (84) にはその一部を照明器具本 、体心の下方向に向け、上記コネクタ(1)の上面を よび両側面の3面を把持できるようにコ字形に 押出成型されたコネクタ把持部(9)と。この把持 部 (9) のコネクタ 挿入 方向 (A) の 前後 に 位置 する 箇 所に突起似。⑾が突設されている。との突起似。 町はいずれもコネクタ抽入方向(A) 触が低くなる ように傾斜しており。さらにコネクタ指入口側 に設けられた突起回は、上記コネクタ(1)の底面 に設けられた案内体のを厳揮できるように3分 割されている。また (9a) は上記コネクタ 把持部



(8)の底面内面に設けられ、コネクタ(1)の案内部 (4)を嵌挿するとともに。その案内部(4)の末端部 (48)の通過を阻止する位置決め部(90)を形成し ・たコネクタ案内溝。なわいは電源に接続される コード。Wはセード。Wは安定器,スイッチ等 の電気部品。略はランプ。mはランプロ金に接 続されるランプソケットほとコード四を介して 接続される雄型のコネクタであり。上記雌型コ ネクタ(1)と電気的に連結される。四は下面カベ ー・したかつて上記の実施例によれば、コネク タ (1) をコネクタ把特部(9) に取付けるに際しては。 第1図に示すように、コネクタ(1)を A 方向より コネクタ把持部(9)にコネクタ(1)の案内部末端 (4a) がコネクタ案内溝(9a) の位置決め(9b) と衝 き合わさるまで押し入れれば。係止片(6)がコネ クタ把特部3の内解面を弾圧しており。また突 起印。四がコネクタ本体②をコネクタ把持部(9) の内底面に押圧することになり。コネクタ川は コネクタ把持部(9)に確実に固定される。しかも コネクタ把持部(9) は電装品取付台(8) の成型時に。 その成型方向に移動する一対の金型でもつて成型されるため、従来のようなサイドコアを必要とせず、金型代が安価になる。

との考案は以上に述べたように構成している ものであるから。コネクタの取付けが確実にで き、又、金型製作費も安価ですむなどの実用的 効果を有するものである。

4 図面の簡単な説明

第1図ないし第5図は本考案の一実施伊を示するので、第1図は要部の分解斜視図、第2図はコネクタの裏体を示す斜視図、第3図はコネクタを電装品取付台に取付けた状態を示す斜視図、第4図はコネクタ把持部の拡大斜視図、第5図は照明器具の縦断面図、第6図は要部の分解斜視図、第7図はコネクタを電装品取付台に取付けた状態を示す斜視図、第8図は照明器具の継断面図である。

図中。(1)は雌型コネクタ。(8)は電装品取付台。 (84)は基面。(9)はコネクタ把持部。(16。 69)は突



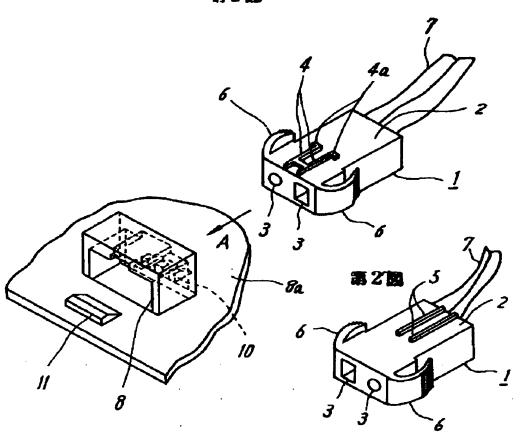
公開実用 昭和57 - 12671

起。町は堆型コネクタ。

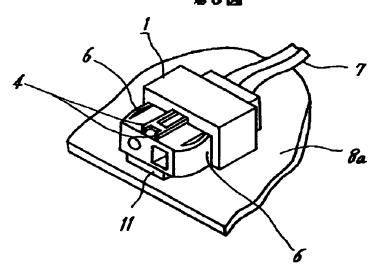
尚、各図中同一符号は同一または相当部分を 示す。

代理人 葛 野 信 一

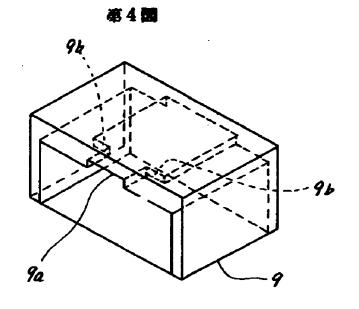


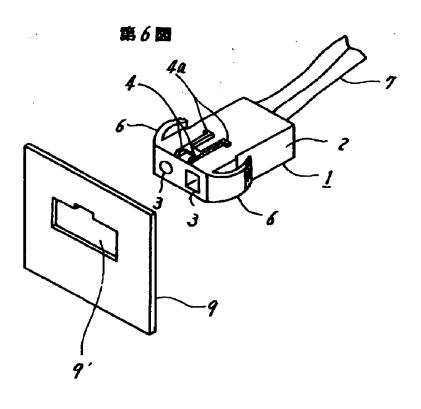


意3國

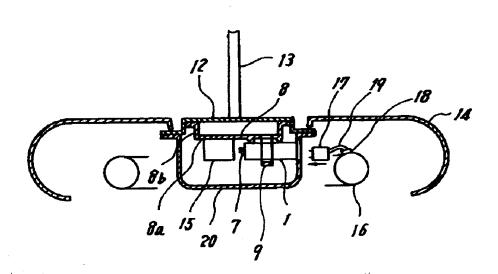


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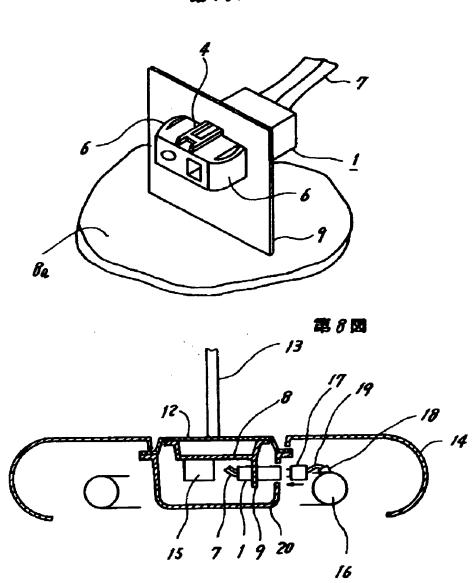




远人 爲對信一



第7回



业 品對值一

1

6. 前記以外の考案者、実用新案登録出願人または代理人

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